NOYES TO GRANT.

Banquet and Reception to the Ex-President by Our Minister to France.

SUMPTUOUS HOSPITALITY.

A Distinguished Party of Twentyfour at Dinner.

BRILLIANT EVENING RECEPTION.

Gathering of Cabinet Officers, Diplomats, Officials and Americans Abroad.

MACMAHON ARRIVES

The Hero of Magenta and the Great Union General Contrasted.

> [BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.] Paris, Oct. 30, 1877.

The stay of General Grant in this city is being made as pleasant for him as it is possible. Among the many fêtes in honor of himself and Mrs. Grant the official banquet and reception given yesterday by United States Minister Noyes will doubtless hold a prominent place in the illustrious soldier's memory. The banquet was a superb effort of Parisian culinary skill, which can work such gastronomic wonders when given carte blanche and when there is a cellar of Monte Christo to draw upon. It was regretted on every hand that Marshal MacMahon was not present at dinner. He had been invited but declined on the ground of having recently refused to be present at several diplomatic dinners, particularly that given by the Russian Ambassador. He promised, however, to attend the reception in the

Twenty-two guests were invited, so that with the hostess and host there were twenty-four at table. They were seated in the following order:-

At the right centre of the table sat Mrs.

On the lady's right were:-General Grant.

Mme. Berthaut.

evening.

M. Caillaux, Minister of Finance.

M. Brunet, Minister of Public Instruc-

M. Voisin, Prefect of Police. On Mrs. Noves' left were:-

Duc Decazes, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

General Berthaut, Minister of War. M. Paris, Minister of Public Works.

General Marquis d'Abzac, Aide-de-Camp of Marshal MacMahon.

At the left centre of the table sat General

Noves, United States Minister. On his right were:-

Mrs. Grant.

Duc de Broglie, President of the Council and Keeper of the Seals, Minister of Jus-

Miss Lincoln.

M. Ferdinand Duval, Prefect of the Seine. Mr. Jesse R. Grant.

On the left of General Noves were:-Duchesse Decazes.

M. de Fourtou, Minister of the Interior. Miss Stevens.

Vicomte de Meaux, Minister of Com-

M. Mollard. Introducer of Ambassadors. At one end of the table sat Lieutenant de la Panouse, staff officer of the Marshal.

At the other end sat M. Vignaux, Assistant Secretary of the Legation.

BILL OF FARE.

The following is the ménu:-

POTAGES. Tortue à l'Anglaise. onsommé à la Sévigné. HORS D'ŒUVRES. Bouchées Agnes SoreL HELEVE.
Turbot, sauce creme, et crevettes.
ENTREES. ENTREES.

Selles de chevreuil a la St. Hubert.
Cotelettes de vointiles à la Maintenon
Casses d'ortolans a la Florentinc.
Filets de soles à la ravigota. Faisans truffés.

Pâté de foie gras de Strasbourg. Salade parisienne. Crèpes à la Bordelaise. les d'ananas, Pompadour. Gâteaux noisettes. DESSERT. Vieux Madère.

Vieux Madère.
Château d'Yquem, creme 1864.
Château Lafitte, 1864.
Château Margaux, 1869.
Johannisberg, Meiternich's, 1857.
Clos Vougeot, 1858.
Romanee Conti, 1865.
Champagee Dry Monopole, 1870.
Amontillado. Amontillado,
Vieux Port, vintage 1858.
Cognac, 1844.
Vasser. Anisetta, Chr.
Curaçoa. Chartreuse. Kirschwasser.

A QUIET DINNER.

The banquet passed off without any special incident worthy of note. That charming flow of polite and witty or at least pleasantly pointed conversation which characterizes French dinners kept time to the melody of the repast itself. There was no English reserve to thaw. The French and the Americans s'entendent without difficulty, and hence they make the best of neighbors around the snowy damask.

THE RECEPTION. At about nine o'clock the general recep-

tion began. A heavy rain had been falling all the afternoon and evening, the meteoric visitation being a remnant of the storm predicted by the HEBALD. It of course had no deterrent effect on the invited, although it gave a dreariness to the streets without, which, out of the selfishness of human nature, imparted an additional air of warmth to the spacious and splendid apartments of General Noyes. It was not long before the salons were filled with guests.

THE COMING OF THE GUPSTS Out in the rain a long line of carriages extended far up the Avenue Josephine toward the Arc de Triomphe. The police arrangements were, as usual in Paris, and above all where the Prefect dines and the Marshal-President visits, perfect.

RECEIVING. The guests were received by General Grant, Mrs. Grant and their son, General and Mrs. Noyes, Consul General Torbert and Secretary Vignaux making the intro-

BRILLIANT COSTUMES.

Mrs. Grant was dressed in a costume of heavy white satin, Mrs. Noyes appearing in a similar dress. General Grant and Minister Noyes wore plain evening dress, General Torbert, however, appearing in the uniform of a major general. The rooms as the guests arrived became perfect gardens of lovely colors. Brilliant uniforms, diplomatic orders and decorations mingling with the sheen of silks and satins made up a wonderful picture.

MARSHAL MACMAHON.

Marshal MacMahon arrived early. He wore a plain evening dress with the ribbon of the Legion and a breast covered with orders. He seemed in excellent health and spirits, not showing the slightest trace of the long parliamentary struggle he has been engaged in.

MAGENTA AND BICHMOND.

The Marshal stood for nearly an hour beside General Grant, occasionally joining in the conversation and receiving the congratulations of the members of the diplomatic corps and the numerous brilliantly uniformed officials who thronged the apartments. As the two renowned soldiers stood side by side one could not help contrasting them. Marshal MacMahon's ruddy, honest Celtic face, white mustache and white hair recalled the poet's figure of "a rose in snow." Grant, calm, massive and reserved, wore the same imperturbable face so well known at home. Mac-Mahon seemed all nerve and restlessness: Grant looked all patience and repose. The contrast in person was indeed remarkable, although each had come to the Presidency of a powerful republic over the same red road. The passion of arms commanding two great nations had led each to choose its foremost soldier as Executive head. One has laid down his power at the feet of the people who conferred it. There is scarcely a doubt that the other will do the same when the ar pointed day arrives. Meantime two great warlike careers touched in friendship in the parlors of General Noyes.

THE AMERICAN COLONY.

The reception drew together the largest assembly of the American colony known in years and they compared favorably with the many European nations represented there. REFRESHMENTS.

The refreshment tables were exquisitely arranged and well patronized, which is just how such a host as General Noves would desire to have his sumptuous hospitality

NO REPUBLICAN LEADERS.

The acerbity of French politics at the present time is shown by the fact that, although general invitations were given in the columns of the newspapers and no cards were issued, not one of the leading members of the republican party or press was present. This was owing to the fact of the promised presence of the Cabinet being known.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS. M. de Fourtou, Minister of the Interior, and Lord Lyons, British Ambassador to Paris, visited General Grant to-day.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.

AN ELECTORAL COMMISSION IN PANAMA-WAS IT EIGHT TO SEVEN ?-ATTEMPT TO ASSAS-SINATE THE PRESIDENT OF GUATEWALA.

PANAMA, Oct. 20, 1877.
The Electoral Commission has declared General Correoso duly elected President of the State of Pan-

KILLED IN THE ACT. An attempt was made on September 29 to assassinate President Barrios, of Guatemals, by Felix Pajoo, a tanatical priest. The President was dining alone to the town of San Pedro Jacopilas. The priest entered and fired a shot from a pistol, which missed. The President then closed with him. During the struggle a servant entered and shot the assassin dead with his

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30, 1877. Second Lieutenant Frank L. Rice is detailed as professor of military science at tactics at the Michigan Military Academy. First Licutement G. A. Whistier, Fifth artiflery, is relieved from duty at the Kentucky University at Lexington and ordered to join his regi-

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30, 1877. Commodore James H. Watmough, United States Navy, has tendered his resignation as Paymaster General. It is yet undecided who will succeed him as chief of the bureau, but the choice is said to be between Pay Directors George F. Cutler, who was long on duty at New York, and Thomas H. Looker, who is now on duty in Secretary Thompson's office.

Results of the Recent Russian Successes.

HOW TELESCHE WAS CAPTURED.

Dastardly Treachery of the Turks at Gorny Dubrik.

LURED TO THEIR GRAVES.

Renewal of the Montenegrin Struggle.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

LONDON, Oct. 31, 1877.

The headquarters of the Prince of Roumania and General Todieben have been removed to Bogot, in order, as alleged by a correspondent, that Poredin may be prepared for the Czar, who will take up his quarters there. It is more likely that the change is in consequence of a changed plan and point of attack against Plevna. The Roumanian division commander who recently led the assault on the second Grevitza redoubt has been superseded, and the transfer of the Roumanians to a point south of Pievna would seem to indicate the abandonment of attempts to capture the works on the east front and the establishment of better communication with the troops now operating on the Solia road.

WILL THEY AGAIN ATTEMPT IT? If the Czar really intends to remove the imperial headquarters to Poredin it may be the precursor of another attempt to carry Ghazi Osman's position by assault, at which, as at the attack of the 11th of September, the Czar would wish to be present; or it may indicate that the Russians are confident that their opecations must result in the speedy capitulation of Pievna.

A FORMIDABLE ADVANCE. Details of the affairs at Gorny-Dubrik and Te lesche make it certain that they are more than mere raids on the Turkish communications : that. in fact, they are part of a new Russian movement involving an entire change of front, which is still further developed by the transfer of the Roumsnians to Bogot.

CAPTURED AFTER BOMBARDMENT. Telesche was surrounded on the 28th inst. by

one cavalry and two infantry brigades of the Imperial Guard and one brigade of Cossacks. It was bombarded for two hours from seventy-two guns, when the small Turkish garrison surrendered There was no assault, and the number of killed and wounded on both sides was insignificant.

A CHANGE OF FRONT.

The capture of Telesche indicates that the Russians have a firm hold on the Pleyna and Solia road; but it is not yet certain that Plevna is entirely surrounded. The road to Widdin, by way of Rahova, it is believed, is still in possession of the Turks and that Ghazi Osman Pacha will make a desperate effort to keep it. THE TURKISH LOSSES.

A special despatch from Poredin says:-"The Turkish loss at the capture by the Russians of the position near Gurnji-Dubnik, on October 14, was at least four thousand killed, besides wounded and prisoners. The Russians only succeeded in storming the position at the third attempt. DASTARDLY TREACHERY.

"They accuse the Turks of twice luring them under a destructive fire by displaying the white PREPARED TO HOLD ON. A Bucharest correspondent says the Russians are

fortilying the positions at Dubnik and Telische, as they are threatened with a combined attack by Osman and Chevket Pachas. HAPPY MOUKHTAIL

An Erzeroum special despatch says that Moukbtar and Ismail Pashas have retired to a strong position near Hassan Kalsh. The Russians occupy a position behind Koprikol.

TURKISH REFUGEES. A letter dated Adrianople, October 15, states that 20,000 refugee women and children were still there.

RENEWING THE MONTENEGRIN WAR. A Ragusa correspondent says the opening of the bombardment of Podgoritza is expected in a few days, the Prince of Montenegro having arrived at the headquarters at Orealuk.

GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

PROSPECTS OF A CONCILIATORY POLICY IN TRANCE-SPAIN AND CURA-THE PENGE MUR-DERERS TO HAVE THEIR SENTENCE COM-

> [BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.] LOHDON, Oct. 31, 1877.

The probable policy of President MacMahon is still a subject of discussion both here and in France. The Paris Moniteur believes the prospect for the adoption

of a conciliatory policy has improved in consequence of vesterday's proceedings in the Cabinet Council; but does not think the formation of a new Cabinet will be announced before November 7. ANTI-REPUBLICAN OFFICIALS TO BE RETAINED. The Français continues to assert that President

MacMahon will not sacrifice the functionaries appointed in consequence of the coup of May 16, and that the conservatives may count on his keeping all

The Paris Journal (Bonapartist) states that the government has not yet decided to abandon the policy of resistance. TREPORARY POSTPONEMENT.

A great part of the senators and deputies being absent in the provinces, on account of next Sunday's election for conseillers d'arrondissement and conseillers généranx, negotiations for a compromise.

which had commenced, have been postponed to Monday. MOPERATION IN THE ASCENDANT. A Paris correspondent says President MacMahon has received positive assurances that a "Moderate

Left" Ministry would have the support of the majority of the Senate. CANNOT RECOGNIZE FACES.

Another Paris correspondent telegraphs;-"The Ministry, having recognized the accessity of retiring upon finding that the Senate would not undertake the responsibility of their acts by according them a vote of confidence, has decided to nominate a new Cabinet. For this Cabinet men of the same policy as the present Ministers, but having neither standing nor talent to overawe the Senate and the liberal party, have been chosen. It is thought the approval of the Senate may be obtained for such a Cabinet, while the real power remains in the hands of the present Ministers."

AN IMPRACTICABLE SCHEME. The correspondent thinks that even the Ministers

clan, which, even if it obtained the assent of the Senate, would be scouted by the Chamber.

A royal decree has been issued granting to soldier: and volunteers who have completed their terms of service and settled in Cuba, and to insurgents who have submitted to the government, a portion of the forests belonging to the State or other land being national property. The recipients are to be merely tenants to three years, when, if the land is properly cultivated, they become absolute owners. They will be exempt from taxation for five years. The decree gives great satisfaction in Madrid, as likely to counteract Cubar disloyalty.

The Home Secretary yesterday advised, and Her Majesty the Queen will grant, a pardon to Alice Rhodes, and commute the death sentences in the case of the other Penge prisoners, Louis Staunton, Patrick Staunton and Elizabeth Staunton, to imprisonment to CANADIAN MASONS IN ENGLAND.

Thirty-nine Canadian masons, who arrived in London yesterday, have left the works at the Law Courts and placed themselves under the protection of the Strike Committee.

A despatch from Paris says:-"A letter from Suez states that the King of Abyssinia, in a recent battle, routed Meuelk with great loss.

THE MISSING STAGE COACH.

DISCOVERY OF THE LOST VEHICLE-DRIVER MURDERED AND MULES STOLEN. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

SAN ANTONIO, Toxas, Oct. 30, 1877. The missing stage between Stockton and Conche has ocen found near Flat Rock, lifteen miles from the Pecos River. The mules had been stolen and the driver murdered. The mail had not been disturbed except that the registered letters were missing. The opinion is now that the outrage was committed by white men.

RAILROAD WAR IN VERMONT.

THE SOUTH EASTERN RAILROAD TEARING UP THE TRACKS OF THE PASSUMPSIC BAILROAD AND VICE VERSA. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

RICHFORD, VL., Oct. 30, 1877. A regular war has been mangurated near this place. This morning the South Eastern Railroad managers woke up and found the Passumpsic folks one ahead. During the night time a posse of men made their appearance at Abercorn, and had torn up several rod of track near that place. Another piece of track has been torn up near East Richford, about seven miles from Abercorn. The bridge at East Richford has also been cut down. This leaves the South Eastern managers in possession of about eight miles of track between East Richford and North Troy and the track between Ab-reorn and West Farnharm. In fact, the Southeastern road proper is a the hands of that road, while the Misnisquoi and Clide River branch is controlled by the Passumpsic. The portion of the road between East Richford and North Troy can be of no avail to another road act it now knads. President Raymond, Superintendent Folsom and other officers of the Passumpsic are here. Colonel Foster, the manager of the Southeastern, has not yet arrived at the scene of the conflict.

A prominent Southeastern Railway man says that an attempt will be made to relay the track torn up by the Passumpsic tolks, while a Passumpsic officer says that the Southeastern will run no train over the road during the coming winter. A telegram announces that has also been cut down. This leaves the South

during the coming winter. A telegram announces a Passumpsic engine and train of cars, with a gang of men, are at North froy, tearing up rails near the break made by the Southeastern managers on week ago vesterday. the break made by the Southeastern managers one week ago yesterday. Much excitement prevails, and the arrival of Colonel Foster is anxiously awaited. The telegraph lines have been cut between North Troy and Richlord, and also between that place and Newport, so that no communication can be had between the first named place and the outside world by telegraph.

RAILROADS ORDERED TO BE SOLD.

MONTPELIER, VL., Oct. 30, 1877. In the case of the Central Vermont Railroad Man agers vs. the Vermont and Canada Railroad the decition of the Supreme Court of Vermont was rendered by Judge James Barrett this evening on the petition to sell both roads to pay the trust debt and other debts of the management. He began by saying that the opinion was concurred in by all the judges in the case. The case has been pending since January, 1961. It now comes up on appeal from a pro forma decision of the Chancellor, and this the first time it was ever in this court or before any judge of the court except as chancellor. In summing up the lengthy decision given by the Court they have decided to deny the prayer of the petitioners for the sale of the Vermont Central and Vermont and Camena Paultrad on the ground that no nower rests in the Railroad on the ground that no power rests in the Court to order such sale in the present form of application. The Court also decided that the decree cation. The Court also decided that the decree of 1864 changed the character of the receivership from that appointed by the Court under the decree of 1861 to a receivership constituted under an agreement of all parties, and whatever has been done by the various decrees of the Court since that date has been done decrees of the Court since that date has been done with the consent and approbation of the parties themselves, and that all the parties were in subjection

LIFE INSURANCE INVESTIGATION. PRESIDENT NOYES, OF THE NATIONAL CAPITOL

COMPANY, DECLINES TO ANSWER. NEW HAVEN, CORD. Oct. 30, 1877 This afternoon Insurance Commissioner Stedman summoned Benjamin Noyes, President of the National Capitol Life Insurance Company, of Washington, and formerly President of the National Life and Trust Company and of the American Mutual Life Insurance Company, of this city, to appear before him in this city, under the provisions of a statute passed at the last session of the Goreral Assembly. Mr. Noyes claiming, by his counsel, that the statute is unconstitutional refused to answer the questions asked by the Commissioner concerning the linancial condition of the companies he represents. Upon a capias, issued as a formality, Mr. Noyes was put in custody of the Sheriff. He still refused to answer, and a mixtumus was issued for his committal. This was meet by a writ of habeas corpus, made returnable to Judge Peck, of the Common Pleas Court, to-morrow morning, Mr. Noyes' counsel becoming his surety. An alternative writ of mandamus has been issued to compel the companies to produce certain books and papers. city, under the provisions of a statute passed at the

NEW CAPITOL CORRUPTION.

TESTIMONY AGAINST EX-STATE SENATOR WAR-RIS FLATLY CONTRADICTED.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 39, 1877. The following affidavit was made by Myron Bangs

to-day:—

State of New York, Onondaya County, so. —Myron Bangs, of the village of Payetteville, in said county, being duly sworn, says that he is the Mr. Bangs referred to in the testimony purporting to the bases agent by John Bridge, trained courrent of the ones agent by John Bridge, trained courrent of New York on the 20th instantant mittee in the testimony purporting to the base of the Bridge Resident of Schott of the Bridge Resident of the Bridge Resi to-day:-Sworn to before me, this 30th day of October, 1877, KOBERT W. EATON, Notary Public, Onondaga county.

MORTON'S FRAUDULENT STOCKS.

HOW THE PHILADELPHIA MARKET STREET BAILWAY WAS ROBBED BY ITS PRESIDENT.

Mr. Morton, ex-President of the Market Street Ra

way Company, was before a register in bankruptes this afternoon as a witness in the case John R. Nagle & Co. The drift testimony was to the effect that the Centennial Catalogue Publishing Company, of which Mr. Morton was president, raised the principal part of its lunds by pledging the over saved stock of the Market Street Passenger Railway Company as collateral for loans. He said 2,942 shares of the cogus stock were given to Nagle & Co. in this way, and 3,567 shares to a broker named Eibert, who was carrying a loss sustained by Morton by a transaction in Reading Railroad stock in 1872. Nagle & Co. benefited by the overissue by the money they raised on it. They issued notes of Nagle & Co. and used the stock as collateral security. It was in this way, Mr. Morton says, that he assented to their use of the stock, and he further says that they got him to agree to over issue stock as collateral for their notes after September, 1873, at different times up to September 14, 1877. The total indeptedness of Nagle & Co. to the railway company was about \$50,000 in cash, and the stock that they had obtained, uncounting to 2,942 shares.

The case of John S. Morton, Samuel P. Hugh, John R. Nagle and George Vickers, connected with the Market Street Railway frands, was called in the Quarter Sessions to-day for trial, but a motion to quash the indictment was made and reasons filed therefor. The motion was ordered to be placed regularly upon the list, so it might be argued at an early day. the Centernial Catalogue Publishing Company, of

SENATOR MORTON'S CONDITION.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 30, 1877. Senator Morton's condition is somewhat improved to-day. He rested better during the latter part of the night, and is more comfortable. To day be has been able to retain a little nourishment in his stomach. At one o'clock this afternoon br. Thompson stated that while no radical improvement had taken place the Senator was better than he had been at any time during the past three days.

DAN VOORHEES TO BE APPOINTED IN CASE OF THE SENATOR'S DEATH.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30, 1877. Governor Williams, of Indiana, who is now in Washington, says he will, in the event of the death of Senator Morton, appoint Daniel W. Voorhees as his

Indianapolis, 1nd., Oct. 30, 1877. Senator Morton's condition at midnight was about the same as reported at moon to-day. He has retained more nourishment and bas suffered less pain than at any time for three days past; but, white his friends are more hopeful, Dr. Thompson does not encourage the opinion that any permanent improvement in his condition has taken place.

SENATOR BLAINE'S DEPARTURE.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30, 1877. Sonator Blaine left here at half-past one o'clock today by the New York train over the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad for his home at Augusta, Me. He was accompanied by Mr. Thomas Spearman, his private secretary. A special car was assigned to him, which will go through to Augusta.

HELP FOR FERNANDINA

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 30, 1877. The Cotton Exchange has authorized the Mayor of Fernandina to draw for \$800 to relieve the sick of that

Mayor Pillsbury to-day remitted to the Mayor of Fernandina, Fla., \$1,000 for the relief of the yellow fever sufferers. A HEROIC JAILER.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 30, 1877.

SAN FRANCISCO Oct 30 1877. A despatch from Virginia City, Nev., says:- 'Yesterday afternoon a number of convicts in the l'eniten tiary at Carson attempted to break out. They seized Deputy Warden Matthewson, and holding him in front of them to intimidate the guards from firing, made a rush for the gate. Matthewson three times called upon the guards to fire, and finally they obeyed, severely wounding Matthewson and two of the converts, when the others surrendered, and no one succeeded in escaping."

ARREST OF INDIAN MURDERERS.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 30, 1877. Cyrus and John White, two Indians, were arrested by Sheriff Ward, of Genesse county, on the Cattarau. gus reservation last night, for the murder of Chicken Bigüre, on the Tonawanda reservation, in September, 1873.

MURDER AND PROBABLE SUICIDE.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 30, 1877. A special to the Commercial Gazette, from East Liverpool, Ohio, says:-Between four and five o'clock this alternoon, Raiph Wintergill, of this place, cut his wife's throat with a razor, causing her death in a few minutes, and then gashed his own throat, severing the windpipe and inflicting a wound which will probably result fatally before morning. The busband and wife are about forty years of age respectively, and have not lived amicably together for some time past, owing to jealousy on the part of the huaband, who intimated this evening that the alienation of his wife's love from him was the cause of the tragedy.

DEATH SENTENCES.

Sr. Louis, Mo., Oct. 30, 1877. surder of A. V. Lawrence, in the saloon of the Theatre Comique, in this city, on the 29th of January last, was sentenced to-day to be hanged on Friday, December 14.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 30, 1877.

John Williams was found guilty to-day of the murder of his wife, at Weston, and sentenced to be hanged on the 30th of November. MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.

MILPORD, N. H., Oct. 30, 1877. Appleton Hutchinson, a well-to-do tarmer, of the town of Mount Vernou, heard a rattling of his barn doors on Sunday evening, and, taking his gun in hand, left his bouse. Nothing has since been seen or heard of him, though the whole town has been searching. Foul play in some form is feared. tome think he has been kidnapped for a reward, as it is known he has wealthy brothers in New York.

FOUND DEAD

NYACK, N. Y., Oct. 30, 1877. The body of Charles Perry, aged about sexteen Tuesday last, was found in the woods near here to-day. His double-barrelied shotgun was lying across his body, the contents of the right barrel baving entered the head behind the left ear, indicating accidental

FATAL ACCIDENT.

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 80, 1877. William Scott, aged seventy-seven years, employed at the Rogers Locomotive Works, was severely cut in the abdomen by a circular saw to-day. He died soon

INSURANCE LITIGATION.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 30, 1877. The District Court to-day decided the case of the Union Central Lite Insurance Company against the Mutual Benefit Lite Insurance Company and Robert Simpson in favor of the first named company. The action was for an alleged libellous publication. The Court decided that a corporation could be sued for libel, and that the alleged libel in this case was proper for submission to a jury.

WIND STORM IN UTAH.

SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 30, 1877. A passenger train on the Utah Central Railroad coming south at noon to-day, when near Farmington was lifted from the track and turned upside down by the wind. Two passenger cars and a baggage car were turned over and the fires from the stoves were scattered over the floors, but were extinguished before any damage was done. Several persons were badly hurt, but it is thought none latally.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

WAS DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SHINAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, OCL 31-1 A. M.

For New England, warmer, clear or partly cloudy weather, northerly winds veering to southeasterly, stationary followed by rising barometer. For the Middle Atlantic States, partly cloudy weather; at south stations, rain areas,

Indications.

For the South Atlantic States, cloudy and rainy weather, light winds, mostly from the south, station ary or lower pressure and temperature. For the Gulf States, cloudy and rainy weather,

veering to warmer southerly winds and falling barom-

winds mostly from the north, and stationary or high pressure and stationary or lower temperature. For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, partly cloudy weather, with ram areas, colder northwest winds and falling barometer.

For the upper lake region and Upper Mississippi Valley, party cloudy weather, rain areas, cold westerly winds possibly stifting to easterly, and stationary or lower pressura For the Lower Missouri Valley, clear or partly

cloudy weather, cold northerly shifting to warmer southerly winds, stationary or lower pressure. For the lower lake region, warmer, partly cloudy weather, rain areas, southwesterly winds and lower pressure.

The rivers will remain nearly stationary. Cautionary signals continue at ledianols and Galveston.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year, as

parison with the corresponding date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, Harato Building:—

1876, 1877, 1876, 1877, 1876, 1877, 3 A. M. 37 54 3:30 P. M. 53 56 6 A. M. 57 53 6 P. M. 49 54 9 A. M. 41 52 9 P. M. 48 50 12 M. 49 52 12 P. M. 47 49 Average temperature yesterday.

Average temperature for corresponding date last year.

FIRES.

EXHIBITION HALL AND OTHER BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 30, 1877. A fire broke out early this morning at Frederic in the Exhibition Building, and as a high wind prevailed that structure was soon destroyed. The flames crossed the street, destroying Mrs. McLaughlin's ouse and badly damaging the house of Andrew house and badly damaging the house of Andrew Lipsett. A house and barn owned by Thomas Toner was also burned. The Exhibition Building was filled with agricultural implements, sleighs and carriages, which were all destroyed. The high wind carried the live cinders to a great distance, setting fire to St. Dunstan's Church, the Park Barracks and several residences, which received consideratic damage. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary, and thus morning a man named Mark Contoy was arrested on suspicion. Great excitement prevaits, and if the evidence confirms the suspicion against Contoy it will be difficult to save him from lynching. The loss is about \$30,000; uninsured.

CHARITON, IOWA, Oct. 20, 1877. The Public School building was burned here last night. The loss is estimated at \$25,000; insured for \$5,000 in the Hartford and \$2,500 each in the North America and Home, of New York.

OTHER FIRES. HALIFAN, N. S., Oct. 30, 1877.

A fire at St Johns, Quebec, to-day, burned Mrs. Esinhart's grocery store. Insured in the Royal for \$10,000,

Robert H. Isabelle, late Pension Agent, William Ferrell, William L. Randall and John H. Harris were arrested to-day charged with forgery, perjury and subornation of perjury in the matter of isabelle's bond as pension agent, and in delauit of ball were sent to the Parish Prison.

RAILWAY ENTERPRISE.

with the object of obtaining possession of, completing and running the Montreal and Ottawa Junction Rail-way, taking bends and municipal grants as security.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30, 1877.

Sr. Louis Mo., Oct. 30, 1877.

At a meeting of the depenture bondholders of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company which was held tn this city yesterday a proposition was made by the bondholders to extend the payment of two-thirds of the bonds for two, three, four and five years, provided the other third was paid in the consolidated seven per cent bonds of the company, the two-thirds to be paid in four equal installments, and to be secured by a mortgage on property of the company valued at about \$1,000,000.

It is said the company has accepted this proposition, and there can be no doubt it will be accepted by the leannoiders.

AN ELECTION CASE DECIDED.

ARREST OF A FORGER. TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 30, 1872. John H. Geizer, a sewing machine man, of Cicera, Ind., was arrested here to night by Indianapolis de-

THE STEAMER BOLIVIA. few days regarding the late of the Auchor Line steam itie, just arrived out, had spoken the Bolivia on the 24th inst. 1,500 miles from New York. The Bolivia reported having broken her shaft on the fourth day out. It was then being repaired, and the officers hoped to have finished the work on the 26th inst. If the repairs were completed, as it was hoped they would be, the Bolivia should arrive in port on Friday or Saturday.

The mail carried by the Bolivia has been taken off by the steamer Nederland and brought to Philadelphia. Last evening Messrs, Henderson Brothers agents of the Boirvia, despatence a special messenger to Philadelphia, who will bring this mail to New York

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Commander Juan N. Montojo, Naval Attaché of the Spanish Legation at Washington; Rev. Dr. J. Ireland Tucker, of Troy, and John H. Goodnow, of Portland, Me, are at the Hoffman, Bushop F. M. Whittle, Richmond, Va., is at the New York. Insurance Superintendent John F. Smyth, of Albany; Nathania Wheeler, of Connecticut, and Judge J. J. Clark Hare, of Philadelphia, are at the Fifth Avenue. Rov. Dr. Hitchcock and Felix R. Brunot, of Pittsburg, and General William R. Franklin of Hartford, are at the Windsor. Commander L. A. Beardsley, United States Navy, and General John B. Frisbie, of California, are at the Gilsey. Bishop Scherechewsky, of China, is at the St. Denis. Waldemar T. Hansen, Danish Vice Consul at Milwaukee, is at the Westminster. Colonel John V. DuRois, United States Army, is at the Sturievant. Ex-Governor Andrew G. Curun, of Pennsyl-

vania, is at the Astor.

The steamship Scythia, for Queenstown and Liverpool, and France, for Havre, will sail from this

The NEW YORK HERALD-Edition for Europebe ready at half-past eight o'clock in the morning.

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MORRIS. PHULLIPS & CO., 3 Park blace. New Year.

BURNING OF A SCHOOLHOUSE.

The Boot, Shoe and Tannery Company's tannery, at Amberst, was burned to-day. Loss \$12,000.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Oct. 30, 1877.

A PENSION AGENT'S BOND.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 30, 1877.

OTTAWA, OBL., Oct. 30, 1877. A party of American radway capitalists are here,

LEHIGH COAL COMPANY.

from the Third district, of this city, to Metcalfe, was this morning decided by the Supreme Court in favor of Metcalfe. The contest in Congress now devolves on Frost.

The case of Metcalle against Frost, to compet the

ssuance of a certificate of election as Congressman

tectives on a charge of committing forgeries to the amount of \$10,000 on the Citizens' Bank and on private parties of Nobiesville, Ind.

Some anxiety has been expressed during the past Bolivia, now a week overdue. Messrs. Henderson, the agents of the line, yesterday received a cablegram from England stating that the Devonia, of the same

MAILS FOR EUROPE.

port on Wednesday. The mails for Europe will close at the Post Office a half-past ten A. M., and for France direct at eleven o'clock A. M.

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